

- N.B. :** 1. Attempt **any three** questions out of four.  
2. Figure to the right indicate marks assigned to the question.

- Q.1 a.** A pair of uniform dice is thrown. Find the probability that: (5)
- p. the sum of the number obtained is a two digit number.
  - q. the sum of the number obtained is a multiple of 4.
  - r. the product is an odd number.
- b.** Sixty percent of persons staying in a building read "Express", fifty percent read "Times", while thirty percent of them read both. Find the probability that a randomly chosen person staying in the building reads. (5)
- 1. only one of them.
  - 2. atleast one of them.
  - 3. none of them.

- Q.2 a.** Find 'k' in the following case, so that p(x) can be regarded as a probability distribution function. Hence find cumulative probability distribution. (5)

x :	-1	0	1	2
p(x) :	$\frac{k-1}{22}$	$\frac{k-5}{11}$	$\frac{k-1}{22}$	$\frac{3}{11}$

Also find E(x).

- b.** Let (x,y) be a pair of discrete random variables each taking values 1, 2, 3 with the following joint probability distribution. (5)

x \ y	1	2	3
1	$\frac{5}{27}$	$\frac{4}{27}$	$\frac{2}{27}$
2	$\frac{1}{27}$	$\frac{3}{27}$	$\frac{3}{27}$
3	$\frac{3}{27}$	$\frac{4}{27}$	$\frac{2}{27}$

Obtain the marginal probability dist<sup>ns</sup> of x & y. Hence find E(x), V(x), E(y), V(y).

- Q.3 a.** The incidence of an occupational disease in an industry is such that the workers have a 20% chance of catching the disease. What is the probability that out of six workmen: (5)
- 1. four will contact the disease.
  - 2. more than four will contact the disease.

b. If 3% of the electric bulbs manufactured by a company are defective, (5)  
 find the probability that in a sample of 100 bulbs:

1. exactly 5 bulbs are defective.
2. none of them are defective.

(Given :  $e^{-3} = 0.0498$ ,  $e^{-0.3} = 0.74082$ )

Q.4 a. If  $x$  &  $y$  are two stochastically independent random variables with (5)  
 means 7 & 4 & variances 9 & 4 respectively.

- Find:
- |                  |                 |
|------------------|-----------------|
| i. $E(x + y)$    | iv. $V(2x)$     |
| ii. $V(x + y)$   | v. $V(3x - 2y)$ |
| iii. $E(3x + 2)$ |                 |

b. A box contains 5 red, 3 blue balls. Another box contains 6 red, 5 blue (5)  
 balls. One ball is drawn at random from each box.

1. What is the probability that one is red & another is blue.
2. What is the probability that both are red balls.

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	0	1	2
0	1/16	1/8	1/4
1	1/8	1/4	1/2
2	1/4	1/2	3/4

	1	2	3
1	1/12	1/6	1/4
2	1/6	1/3	1/2
3	1/4	1/2	2/3